

TRANSNET



delivering freight reliably



Transnet Inputs to the Cato Ridge Development Indaba

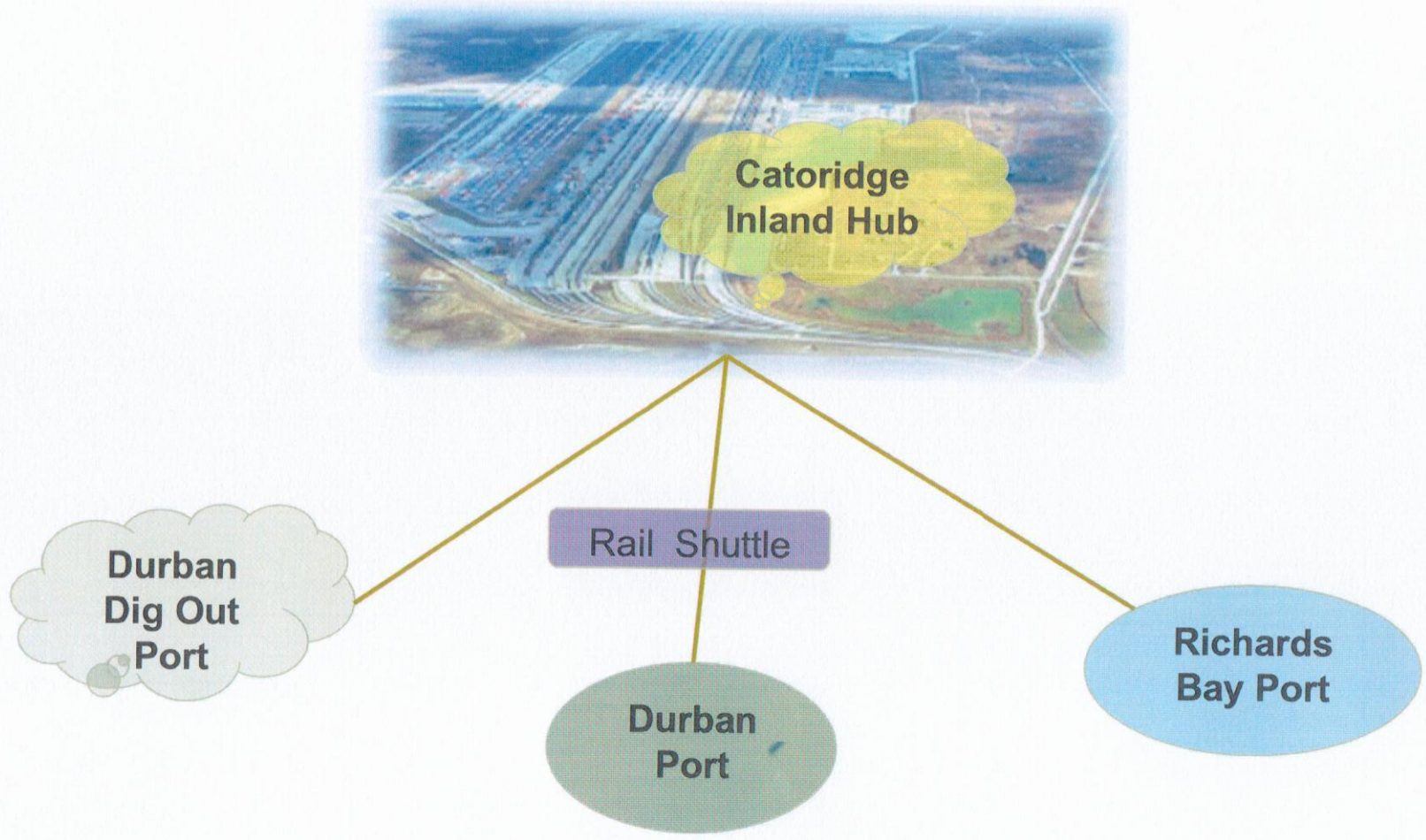
25 August 2014



The Basic Concept



Include Picture/Diagram of the Concept like the one below



Cato Ridge Inland Hub Benefits

TRANSNET



delivering freight reliably

- Streamline and decongest the logistics for 3 Ports – R/bay, Durban Port and New Dig Out Port
- Reduce pressure on expensive Port infrastructure and technology
- Road to Rail – decongest road, improve road safety, reduce carbon emissions
- Develop larger and well-located distribution and logistics facilities
- Reduce land costs and lease rates for logistic service providers

Cato Ridge Fundamentals



1. Transnet limited land – develop terminal as catalyst for logistics Hub
2. Create mass by attracting cargo principals and operators
3. Focused Markets
 - i. Mining Products
 - a) Bulk in bulktrainers to R/bay and Durban
 - b) Containerisation exports
 - c) Blending and beneficiation
 - ii. Automotive
 - a) Evacuation from Port by rail for storage/distribution
 - b) Lack of space in Port to support APDP
 - c) OEM's focus on production require efficient logistics and value add services

- iii. Agriculture Products
 - a) Agri-processing
 - b) Fruit processing
 - c) Live Stock processing

- iv. Containerisation
 - a) Decongestion of road and port
 - b) Import & Export
 - c) Empty Container Parks
 - Cleaning and repairs

- v. Warehousing

- iv. Light and heavy Manufacturing Industry

4. Social Considerations

- Housing, Hospitals, Schools, etc

Land Ownership



Proposed Layout of Cato Ridge Terminal

TRANSNET



delivering freight reliably



Rail and Yard Capacity



Rail capacity is a factor to be taken into account in conjunction with industry

- The Cato Ridge marshalling yard
 - 180 000 TEU's as is,
 - Through efficiency increase to 250 000 TEU's.
 - Industry demand required for capacity creation.
- The Natcor line
 - 2 to 3 yrs. - adequate capacity for shuttle to the coast but decreases with demand for long distance trains
 - By 2017 - shuttle capacity is bottleneck for the Cato Ridge terminal supply chain. This can be addressed by:
 - Upgrading and using the old Pinetown line for the shuttle service at a high capex and opex cost, not feasible topography and residential area
 - Building of the new freight bypass line approx. R30bil – 10yrs
 - Feasibility exercise required as to industry demand.
 - Option Metro services onto this line freeing the mainline for freight only.

Project Plan to FEL -3 and 4 stages



Activity	Time Lines
1. Conceptual design FEL 1 and 2	Complete
2. Appointment of Engineers	September 2014
3. Engineering Studies	October 2014
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Terminal Layout design • Site Surveys • Geotech studies • Project costing 	
3. Development Environmental Management	November 2014
4. Business Case	January 2015
5. Investment Committee Submission	February 2015
6. Contractor Appointment	May 2015
7. Terminal construction	July 2015



TRANSNET



delivering freight reliably



Thank you

